			رسول مرسسی ارسا
128 . The of	a high quality program	needs the endeavor of the	e whole staff.
a. connotation	b. precaution	c. implementation	
129. Efforts to pres	erve both plant popula	tions and knowledge on h	ow to use them for medicina
purposes are needed	to traditions	al medicine	
a. obtain	b. remain	c. sustain	d. contain
130. There are some	specialties within medi	cine which are closely	anesthesia
a. affiliated to		c. administered to	
131 . The purpose of	the recent studies was t	o the main cause	of illiteracy in children
a. captivate	b. extend	c. conduct	d. explore
132. Health education	on comprises opportun	ities for learning commu	nication and life skills which
are individual	and community health	Class and second	areation and fire skills which
a. competent in	b. conducive to	c. departed from	d. deposited on
133 . Health authoriti	ies will soo	n to discuss the problem o	of air pollution.
a. confront	b. convene	c. circumvent	d. restore
134. One of the most	t obvious features of th	e teacher-learner relation	ship is that it is formal, and
herefore is	by social and institu	tional roles	iship is that it is formal, and
a. contradicted	b. aggravated	c. constrained	d. replicated
35. The new study p	roved the be	tween smoking and lung c	ancer
a. link	b. loss	c. loop	d. joint
Part two: Read	ing comprehens	ion	
Directions: Read tl questions. Complet	he following passage te the questions with	s carefully Each pass	sage is followed by some rds or phrases (a, b, c & en only.
Passage 1		w some seignistie	

Scientists have examined a protein that enables people to modify their behavior to adjust to slightly changed experiences. When circumstances change and our usual route is blocked, our stored memories work no longer, and we must find alternative solutions. Behavioral flexibility is partially driven by protein synthesis, which produces changes in neural function. The researchers investigated the issue by focusing on PERK, an enzyme that regulates protein synthesis and modifies eIF2alpha required for proper protein synthesis.

The researchers conditioned both normal mice and mice without PERK, which heard an audible tone followed by a foot shock. Both groups froze out of fear when hearing the tone, anticipating the shock. The team then removed the shock from the procedure so that the mice only heard the tone. They observed that the normal mice did not freeze after hearing the tone anymore, whilst the mice lacking PERK continued to freeze. The team also conducted postmortem analyses of human brain samples from both schizophrenic and healthy individuals. They discovered that the healthy